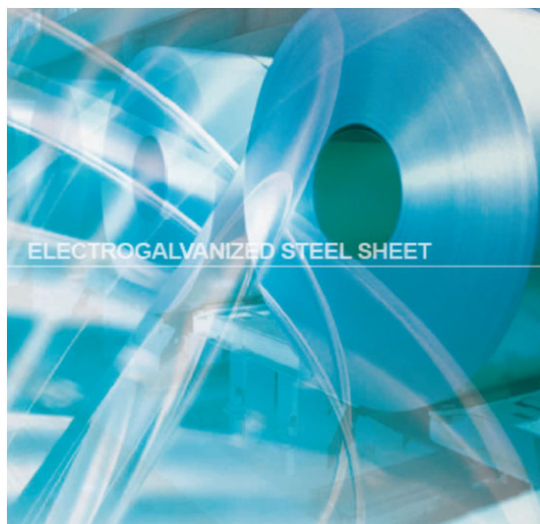


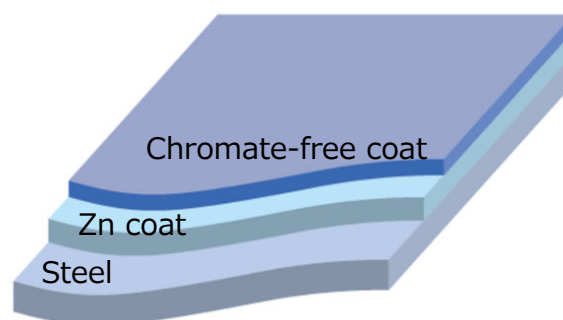


# JFE Steel Corporation

## Electrogalvanized Steel Sheets



Example of structures of coating layer



### Functional unit

1 metric ton

### System boundary

final products       intermediate products

Production stage (Raw material acquisition, Manufacturing) and Recycling potential

### Main specifications of the product

Production Site:

West Japan Works

Representative Standards:

JIS (Japanese Industrial Standards),

JFE Standards and others

Details are listed on Page 3 (8. Remarks)

Shape: Coil

Thickness: 0.3 - 3.2mm

<b>Registration#</b>	JR-AW-24066E
<b>PCR number</b>	PA-180000-AW-05
<b>PCR name</b>	Steel products (except for construction use)
<b>Publication date</b>	28 March 2025
<b>Verification date</b>	12 March 2025
<b>Verification method</b>	Product-by-product
<b>Verification#</b>	JV-AW-24066
<b>Expiration date</b>	11 March 2030
<b>PCR review was conducted by:</b>	
<b>Approval date</b>	10 May 2023
PCR review panel chair	Yasunari Matsuno (Chiba University)

### Third party verifier\*

Takahiro Atoh

Independent verification of data & declaration in accordance with ISO14025

internal       external

\*Auditor's name is stated if system certification has been performed.

### Company Information

JFE Steel Corporation      Sheet Business Planning Dept.

<https://www.jfe-steel.co.jp/en/index.html>

### 1. Results of life cycle impact assessment (LCIA)

Parameter \ Stage	Production stage and Recycling potential [A1],[A2],[A3] and [D]	Production stage (cradle to gate) [A1],[A2] and [A3]	Unit
Global warming IPCC2013 GWP100a	2.2E+03	3.2E+03	kg-CO <sub>2</sub> eq
Acidification	-8.1E-01	7.9E-01	kg-SO <sub>2</sub> eq
Photochemical ozone	3.1E-02	5.0E-02	kg-PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup> eq

Parameter \ Stage	Unit	Total	[A1][A2] Raw material acquisition	[A3] Manufacturing	[D] Recycling potential
Global warming IPCC2013 GWP100a	kg-CO <sub>2</sub> eq	3.2E+03	7.6E+02	2.4E+03	-1.0E+03
Ozone layer destruction	kg-CFC-11eq	5.4E-05	5.4E-05	2.4E-07	-1.9E-07
Acidification	kg-SO <sub>2</sub> eq	7.9E-01	3.9E-01	4.0E-01	-1.6E+00
Photochemical ozone	kg-C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> eq	9.4E-03	7.7E-03	1.8E-03	-2.2E-01
Eutrophication	kg-PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup> eq	5.0E-02	1.0E-05	5.0E-02	-1.9E-02

### 2. Life cycle inventory analysis (LCI)

Parameter		Unit
Non-renewable material resources	1.4E+03	kg
Non-renewable energy resources	3.6E+04	MJ
Renewable material resources	1.3E+03	kg
Renewable primary energy	1.4E+02	MJ
Consumption of freshwater	4.8E+00	m <sup>3</sup>

### 3. Material composition

Material		Unit
iron [Fe]	≥86.7	wt%
carbon [C]	≤1.0	wt%
silicon [Si]	≤3.0	wt%
manganese [Mn]	≤3.0	wt%
phosphorus [P]	≤0.200	wt%
sulfur [S]	≤0.050	wt%
zinc [Zn]	≤5.0	wt%
nickel [Ni]	≤1.0	wt%

### 4. Waste to disposal

Parameter		Unit
Hazardous waste	0.0E+00	kg
Non-hazardous waste.	1.7E+00	kg

\*Data derived from LCA and not assigned to the impact categories of LCIA

### 5. Additional explanation

- This EPD shows the results calculated without applying system extensions.
- Scrap recycling potential is calculated based on ISO 20915/JIS Q 20915 and shown as [D] in table 1. Recycling ratio used in this calculation is 93.0%. (Using data is 2018FY from The Japan Iron and Steel Federation, The Japan ferrous raw materials association and The Japan Steel Can recycling Association).
- The environmental impact of self-generated electricity was calculated as primary data of fuel and the basic unit data of grid power consumption is the average of 10 electric power suppliers of Japan in 2014FY.
- Each item (except iron) in table 3 is the maximum value of all product standards covered by this EPD.
- Primary data in 2021 is used.

### 6-1. Supplementary environmental information

The production site is certified to ISO 14001.

### 6-2. Regulated hazardous substances

Substance	CAS No.	Reference to standards or regulations
manganese[Mn]	7349-96-5	• Industrial Safety and Health Act
copper [Cu]	7440-50-8	• Industrial Safety and Health Act
nickel [Ni]	7440-02-0	• Industrial Safety and Health Act
chromium [Cr]	7440-47-3	• Industrial Safety and Health Act
molybdenum [Mo]	7439-98-7	• Industrial Safety and Health Act

### 7. Assumptions of secondary data used

IDEA v2.1.3 database is used. Steel scrap data (JP-AJ-0001) from the Japan Iron and Steel Federation are used.

### 8. Remarks

Representative standards:

JIS (Japanese Industrial Standards):

JIS G 3313 (SECC, SECCT, SEHC, SECD, SEHD, SECE, SEHE, SEFC340, SEPH400 and othes)

JFE Standards:

● JFE EXCELZINC™

Commercial quality (e.g. JFE-CC-EZ, JFE-HC-EZ), Drawing quality (e.g. JFE-CD-EZ, JFE-HD-EZ)

Deep drawing quality (e.g. JFE-CE-EZ, JFE-CF-EZ, JFE-HE-EZ)

Extra deep drawing quality (e.g. JFE-CG-EZ), Ultra deep drawing quality (e.g. JFE-CGX-EZ)

Bake hardenability quality (e.g. JFE-CEH-EZ), Deep drawing quality with bake hardenability (e.g. JFE-CGH-EZ)

High strength steel for commercial quality (e.g. JFE-CA390-EZ, JFE-CA440-EZ, JFE-HA390-EZ, JFE-HA440-EZ)

● JFE EXCELZINC™ NICKEL

Commercial quality (e.g. JFE-CC-EZN, JFE-HC-EZN), Drawing quality (e.g. JFE-CD-EZN, JFE-HD-EZN)

Deep drawing quality (e.g. JFE-CE-EZN, JFE-CF-EZN, JFE-HE-EZN)

Extra deep drawing quality (e.g. JFE-CG-EZN), Ultra deep drawing quality (e.g. JFE-CGX-EZN)

Bake hardenability quality (e.g. JFE-CEH-EZN), Deep drawing quality with bake hardenability (e.g. JFE-CGH-EZN)

High strength steel for commercial quality (e.g. JFE-CA390-EZN, JFE-CA440-EZN, JFE-HA390-EZN, JFE-HA440-EZN)

Including others requested by customers based on these standards

- For data quantification, please refer to PCR and Rules on quantification and declaration.
- Comparative assertion is permitted only when Rules on quantification and declaration are satisfied.  
(Reference URL : <https://ecoleaf-label.jp/regulation/>)