Japan EPD Program by SuMPO

Sustainable Management Promotion Organization 14-8, Uchikanda 1-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo Japan https://ecoleaf-label.jp/



Wide Flange Shapes



Functional unit

1 metric ton

System boundary

☐ final products ■ intermediate products

•

Production stage (Raw material supply,

Transport to factory, Manufacturing)

and Recycling potential

Main specifications of the product

Production Site:

West Japan Works (Kurashiki, Fukuyama)

Representative Standards:

Listed on Page 3 (8. Remarks)

Shape: Wide Flange Shapes

Representative Section and Thickness:

(Unit: mm, t: thickness)
Example: For middle type

 $H200(t6)\times150(t9) - 918(t19)\times303(t37)$

rtegisti ationii		311 7 G 230132 B	
PCR number		PA-180000-AJ-06	
	PCR name	Steel products for construction	
Publication date		1 August 2022	
Verification date		14 February 2025	
Verification method		Product-by-product	
Ve	erification#	JV-AJ-24053	
Expiration date		19 July 2028	
PCR review was conducted by:			
-	Approval date	10 May 2023	
	PCR review	Yasunari Matsuno	

Registration# JR-AJ-23015E-B

Third party verifier*

panel chair

Takahiro Atoh

(Chiba University)

Independent verification of data & declaration in accordance with ISO14025 and ISO21930

□internal ■external

Company Information

JFE Steel Corporation Planning & Marketing Dept., Construction Materials & Services Business Division https://www.jfe-steel.co.jp/en/index.html

Registration number: JR-AJ-23015E-B

^{*}Auditor's name is stated if system certification has been performed.

Sustainable Management Promotion Organization 14-8, Uchikanda 1-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo Japan https://ecoleaf-label.jp/

1. Results of life cycle impact assessment (LCIA)

Stage	Production stage and Recycling potential [A1],[A2],[A3] and [D]	Production stage (cradle to gate) [A1],[A2] and [A3]	Unit
Global warming IPCC2013 GWP100a	1.9E+03	3.0E+03	kg-CO₂eq
Acidification	-8.2E-01	8.2E-01	kg-SO₂eq
Photochemical ozone	2.4E-02	4.3E-02	kg-PO₄³-eq

Stage Parameter	Unit	Total	[A1] Raw material supply	[A2] Transport to factory	[A3] Manufacturing	[D] Recycling potential
Global warming IPCC2013 GWP100a	kg-CO₂eq	3.0E+03	7.9E+02	1.5E+01	2.2E+03	-1.1E+03
Ozone layer destruction	kg-CFC-11eq	6.5E-07	1.0E-07	9.8E-11	5.5E-07	-1.9E-07
Acidification	kg-SO₂eq	8.2E-01	3.7E-01	4.7E-02	4.0E-01	-1.6E+00
Photochemical ozone	kg-C ₂ H ₄ eq	8.7E-03	6.2E-03	9.4E-04	1.6E-03	-2.3E-01
Eutrophication	kg-PO ₄ 3-eq	4.3E-02	1.1E-05	8.8E-14	4.3E-02	-2.0E-02

2. Life cycle inventory analysis (LCI)			
Parameter		Unit	
Non-renewable material resources	1.4E+03	kg	
Non-renewable energy resources	3.5E+04	MJ	
Renewable material resources	9.9E+02	kg	
Renewable primary energy	1.1E+02	MJ	
Consumption of freshwater	2.2E+00	m ³	

4. Waste to disposal		
Parameter		Unit
Hazardous waste	0.0E+00	kg
Non-hazardous waste.	1.9E+00	kg

^{*}Data derived from LCA and not assigned to the impact categories of LCIA

3. Material composition			
Material		Unit	
iron [Fe]	≧95.4	wt%	
carbon [C]	≦0.30	wt%	
silicon [Si]	≦0.65	wt%	
manganese [Mn]	≦1.65	wt%	
phosphorus [P]	≦0.05	wt%	
sulfur [S]	≦0.05	wt%	
copper [Cu]	≦0.60	wt%	
chromium [Cr]	≦0.75	wt%	
nickel [Ni]	≦0.45	wt%	
vanadium [V]	≦0.11	wt%	

5. Additional explanation

- This EPD shows the results calculated without applying system extensions.
- Scrap recycling potential is calculated based on ISO 20915/JIS Q 20915 and shown as [D] in table 1. Recycling ratio used in this calculation is 93.0%. (Using data is 2018FY from The Japan Iron and Steel Federation, The Japan ferrous raw materials association and The Japan Steel Can recycling Association).
- The environmental impact of self-generated electricity was calculated as primary data of fuel and the basic unit data of grid power consumption is the average of 10 electric power suppliers of Japan in 2014FY.
- · Each item (except iron) in table 3 is the maximum value of all product standards covered by this EPD.
- · Primary data in 2018 is used.

Japan EPD Program by SuMPO

Sustainable Management Promotion Organization 14-8, Uchikanda 1-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo Japan https://ecoleaf-label.jp/

6-1. Supplementary environmental information

The production site is certified to ISO 14001.

Registration number: JR-AJ-23015E-B

6-2. Regulated hazardous substances			
Substance	CAS No.	Reference to standards or regulations	
manganese [Mn]	7349-96-5	· Industrial Safety and Health Act	
copper [Cu]	7440-50-8	· Industrial Safety and Health Act	
nickel [Ni]	7440-02-0	· Industrial Safety and Health Act	
chromium [Cr]	7440-47-3	· Industrial Safety and Health Act	
molybdenum [Mo]	7439-98-7	· Industrial Safety and Health Act	
cobalt [Co]	7440-48-4	· Industrial Safety and Health Act	

7. Assumptions of secondary data used

IDEA v2.1.3 database is used. Steel scrap data (JP-AJ-0001) from the Japan Iron and Steel Federation are used.

8. Remarks

Representative standards:

SN400A, SN400B, SN400C, SN490B, SN490C,

SM400A, SM400B, SM400C, SM490A, SM490B, SM490C, SM490YA, SM490YB,

SS400, SS490, SS540,

 ${\sf SMA400AW,\,SMA400BW,\,SMA400AP,\,SMA400BP,\,SMA490AW,\,SMA490BW,\,SMA490AP,\,SMA490BP,}$

SM400A-FR, SM400B-FR, SM490A-FR, SM490B-FR, SN490B-FR, SM520B, SM520C, A573 C-F0, A003

A36, A572Gr50, A992,

S275JR, S275J0, S355JR, S355J0, SS275, SM275A, SM275B, SM355A, SM355B, SHN355 and others

- · July, 2023; Correction of double counting on upstream and modification of allocation method of by-product gases
- · February, 2025; Modification about system boundary and allocation of by-product gases.
- For data quantification, please refer to PCR and Rules on quantification and declaration.
- Comparative assertion is permitted only when Rules on quantification and declaration are satisfied. (Reference URL: https://ecoleaf-label.jp/regulation/)

Registration number: JR-AJ-23015E-B