### NIPPON STEEL | NIPPON STEEL CORPORATION

## Electric resistance-welded pipe piles



**Registration#** 

### **Functional unit**

#### 1 t

#### System boundary

 $\Box$  final products

■ intermediate products

Production Stage and optional supplementary infomation

#### Main specifications of the product

Production Site: Kyushu Works\_Oita Area(Hikari) Main product models: Steel pipe piles Main standards: JIS A 5525 \*\*The other available product models and standards are listed on page 3(8.Remarks). Type: Steel pipe piles

**PCR number** PA-180000-AJ-06 **PCR** name Steel products for construction Publication date 4/10/2024 Verification date 3/28/2024 Verification method Product-by-product Verification# JV-AJ-24028 Expiration date 3/27/2029 PCR review was conducted by: Approval date 5/10/2023 Yasunari Matsuno PCR review panel chair Chiba University Third party verifier\*

JR-AJ-24028E

Hiroyuki Uchida

Independent verification of data & declaration in accordance with ISO14025 and ISO 21930.

#### **Company Information**

□internal

∎external

NIPPON STEEL CORPORATION

About Us:

https://www.nipponsteel.com/en/index.html

Contact Us:

https://www.nipponsteel.com/en/product/contact/structuralsteel.html

\*Auditor's name is stated if system certification has been performed.

# EcoLeaf

#### Japan EPD Program by SuMPO

Registration number : JR-AJ-24028E

#### Sustainable Management Promotion Organization 14-8, Uchikanda 1-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo Japan https://ecoleaf-label.jp

#### 1. Results of life cycle impact assessment (LCIA)

| Stage<br>Parameter              | [A1~A3]<br>+ [D] | [A1~A3] | Unit                                |
|---------------------------------|------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| Global warming IPCC2013 GWP100a | 1600             | 2800    | kg-CO₂eq                            |
| Acidification                   | 0.67             | 2.5     | kg-SO₂eq                            |
| Photochemical ozone             | -0.24            | 0.020   | kg-C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> eq |

Table Legend

- [A1]: Raw mterial supply
- [A2]: Transport to factory
- [A3]: Manufacturing
- [D]: Recycling potential
- $[A1 \sim A3]$ : sum of [A1], [A2] and [A3] (cradle to gate)  $[A1 \sim A3]+[D]$ : sum of [A1], [A2], [A3] and [D] (cradle to
- gate with allocation for scrap recycling)

| Stage Parameter                 | Unit                                | 【A1~A3】 | [A1]    | [A2]    | [A3]    | [D]      |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| Global warming IPCC2013 GWP100a | kg-CO <sub>2</sub> eq               | 2.8E+03 | 4.6E+02 | 1.3E+02 | 2.2E+03 | -1.2E+03 |
| Ozone layer destruction         | kg-CFC-11eq                         | 2.3E-05 | 2.2E-05 | 8.7E-10 | 1.3E-06 | -2.2E-07 |
| Acidification                   | kg-SO <sub>2</sub> eq               | 2.5E+00 | 4.1E-01 | 8.4E-02 | 2.0E+00 | -1.8E+00 |
| Photochemical ozone             | kg-C₂H₄eq                           | 2.0E-02 | 4.4E-03 | 1.4E-03 | 1.4E-02 | -2.6E-01 |
| Eutrophication                  | kg-PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup> eq | 4.2E-02 | 9.0E-06 | 7.8E-13 | 4.2E-02 | -2.2E-02 |

| 2. Life cycle inventory analysis (LCI) |          |                |  |
|--|----------|----------------|--|
| Parameter                              |          | Unit           |  |
| Non-renewable material resources       | 7.7E+02  | kg             |  |
| Non-renewable energy resources         | 3.1E+04  | MJ             |  |
| Renewable material resources           | 9.8E+02  | kg             |  |
| Renewable primary energy               | -4.1E+02 | MJ             |  |
| Consumption of freshwater              | -1.6E-01 | m <sup>3</sup> |  |

| 3. Material composition |       |      |
|-------------------------|-------|------|
| Material                |       | Unit |
| iron [Fe]               | >97.0 | %    |
| carbon [C]              | ≦0.25 | %    |
| silicon [Si]            | ≦0.75 | %    |
| manganese [Mn]          | ≦1.90 | %    |
| phosphorus [P]          | ≦0.04 | %    |
| sulfur [S]              | ≦0.04 | %    |

| 4. Waste to disposal |         |      |
|----------------------|---------|------|
| Parameter            |         | Unit |
| Hazardous waste      | 0.0E+00 | kg   |
| Non-hazardous waste. | 1.3E+00 | kg   |

\*Data derived from LCA and not assigned to the impact categories of LCIA

### Additional explanation

 Each LCI includes allocation for scrap recycling as an optional supplementary information(D) at table.1 . Recycling rate (RR) used in this calculation is 93.8%(calculated based on JIS Q 20915 and using Japan data in 2022 from Japan Iron and Steel Federation and Japan Steel Can Recycling Association).
The transportation scenario for raw materials follows the PCR. However, the loading rate for scrap transport uses the default value.

3. Each item (expect iron) in table 3 is the maximum value of all product standards covered by this EPD. However, the iron content in each product is never less than 97.0%, and the contents of other components are adjusted.

4. In NS-PAC<sup>™</sup> steel pipe pile products, the composition (by weight ratio) of urethane elastomer is kept below 2%.

5. Primary data collected in 2022. The corrosion protection process for NS-PAC<sup>™</sup> was based on the data from 2018 and 2021. The source of the unit power consumption is the average of 10 electric power suppliers of Japan in 2014.

6. For the transport of metallurgical coal, the amount is double counted due to the characteristics of the inventory database on which this estimation is based.

7. The calculated results represent the average, including NS-PAC<sup>TM</sup> steel pipe pile products with corrosion protection.

Compared to products without corrosion protection, NS-PAC<sup>™</sup> steel pipe pile products exhibit a certain level of increased environmental load.

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# 6-1. Supplementary environmental information

Each production site is certified to ISO 14001.

| 6-2. Regulated hazardous substances |           |                                       |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| Substance                           | CAS No.   | Reference to standards or regulations |
| manganese [Mn]                      | 7439-96-5 | Industrial Safety and Health Act      |
| Urethane                            | 51-79-6   | Industrial Safety and Health Act      |

### 7. Assumptions of secondary data used

We use the IDEA2.1.3 database. Additionally, scrap primary units (Scrap LCI) are based on the primary unit registration number: JP-AJ-0001.

#### 8. Remarks

Additional information

Following Product model examples and Steel grade standard examples are available in addition to what are listed on page 1. The main pipe section shall be made of electric resistance-welded pipe piles:

- 1. Product Model Examples:
- · Steel Pipe Pile, NS-PAC<sup>TM</sup> Steel Pipe Pile, NS ECO-PILE<sup>TM</sup>

2. Steel Grade Standard Examples:

- JIS A 5525: SKK400, SKK490
- JIS G 3106: SM400A, SM490A, SM490YA

- For data quantification, please refer to the PCR and the Rules on Quantification and Declaration.

- Comparative assertion is permitted only when the Rules on Quantification and Declaration are satisfied. (Reference URL : https://ecoleaf-label.jp/regulation/)

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