

## Japan EPD Program by SuMPO

Sustainable Management Promotion Organization 14-8, Uchikanda 1-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo Japan https://ecoleaf-label.jp/



# Steel Plates for Offshore Structures and Wind Turbine Support Structures



#### **Functional unit**

1 metric ton

## **System boundary**

☐ final products ■ intermediate products

Production Stage (Raw material acquisition, manufucturing) and Indirect effect

## Main specifications of the product

Production Site:

West Japan Works (Fukuyama, Kurashiki)

East Japan Works (Keihin)

Representive Standards:

Listed on Page 3 (5. Additional Information)

Shape: Steel Plate (e.g. J-TerraPlate<sup>™</sup>)

## **Company Information**

## JFE Steel Corporation

About us: https://www.jfe-steel.co.jp/en/index.html Contact us:

https://www.jfe-steel.co.jp/en/contact.html

Registration#	JR-AW-23003E		
PCR number	PA-180000-AW-03		
PCR name	Steel products (except for construction use)		
Publication date	9/15/2023		
Verification date	6/30/2023		
Verification method	Product-by-product		
Verification#	JV-AW-23003		
<b>Expiration date</b>	6/29/2028		
PCR review was	conducted by:		
Approval date	4/1/2022		
PCR review	Yasunari matsuno		
panel chair	(Chiba University)		

## Third party verifier\*

Takahiro Atoh

Independent verification of data & declaration in accordance with ISO14025

□internal ■ external

Registration number: JR-AW-23003E

<sup>\*</sup>Auditor's name is stated if system certification has been performed.

## **Japan EPD Program by SuMPO**

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## 1. Results of life cycle impact assessment (LCIA)

Stage Parameter	[A1,A3] +[D] <sup>1)</sup>	[A1,A3] <sup>2)</sup>	Unit
Global warming IPCC2013 GWP100a	830	1900	kg-CO₂eq
Acidification	0.29	0.29	kg-SO₂eq
Eutrophication	0.045	0.045	kg-PO <sub>4</sub> 3-eq

1)[A1,A3]+[D]:sum of [A1],[A3] and [D] 2)[A1,A3]:sum of [A1] and [A3]

stage Parameter	Unit	Total	[A1] Raw material acquisition	[A3] Manufacturin g		[D] Indirect effect
Global warming IPCC2013 GWP100a	kg-CO <sub>2</sub> eq	1.9E+03	8.5E+02	1.0E+03		-1.1E+03
Ozone layer destruction	kg-CFC-11eq	-1.3E-07	1.1E-07	-2.4E-07		-1.9E-07
Acidification	kg-SO₂eq	2.9E-01	4.5E-01	-1.6E-01		-1.6E+00
Photochemical ozone	kg-C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> eq	1.2E-02	7.8E-03	4.5E-03		-2.3E-01
Eutrophication	kg-PO <sub>4</sub> 3-eq	4.5E-02	1.1E-05	4.5E-02		-1.9E-02

2. Life cycle inventory analysis (LCI)		
Parameter		Unit
Non-renewable material resources	8.5E+02	kg
Non-renewable energy resources	1.0E+03	MJ
Renewable material resources	1.0E+03	kg
Renewable primary energy	1.9E+02	MJ
Consumption of freshwater	2.0E+00	m <sup>3</sup>

3. Material composition		
Material		Unit
iron[Fe]	90.2	wt%
carbon[C]	0.6	wt%
silicon[Si]	1.0	wt%
manganese[Mn]	2.0	wt%
nickel[Ni]	4.0	wt%
chromium[Cr]	1.0	wt%
molybdenum[Mo]	0.60	wt%
copper[Cu]	0.50	wt%
phosphorous[P]	0.05	wt%
sulfur[S]	0.05	wt%

4. Waste to disposal		
Parameter		Unit
Hazardous waste	-	kg
Non-hazardous waste.	1.6E+00	kg
Treated MSW for landfill	0.0E+00	kg
Treated industrial waste for landfill	1.6E+00	kg

<sup>\*</sup>Data derived from LCA and not assigned to the impact categories of LCIA



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## 5. Additional explanation

•The indirect effect (scrap recycling potential) is calculated based on ISO 20915/JIS Q 20915 and shown as [D]Iindirect effect in table "1. Results of life cycle impact assessment (LCIA)".

The indirect effect is added to the total value ( sum of [A1], [A3] ) in tables.

•Recycling ratio used in this calculation is 93.0% (calculated based on ISO 20915/JIS Q 20915 and using FY 2018 data from The Japan Iron and Steel Federatin, The Japan Steel Can recycling Association and The Japan ferrous raw materials

association).

- •The source of unit power consumption is the average of 10 electric power suppliers of Japan in 2014.
- •Primary data collected in 2018.

Products Shape: Steel Plates (e.g. J-TerraPlateTM)

Representive Applicattions: Offshore Structures and Wind Turbine Support Structures

Representive Standards:

JIS; G3101,G3106,G3114,G3125,G3128,G3129,G3131,G3136,G3140

ASTM; A36,A131,A283,A529,A573,A633,A709,A678,A514

API; 2H,2W

EN; 10025,10113,10225,10137

NORSK; M-120

Ship building grades; ClassNK; KA,KB,KD,KE,KF,KL

and ABS, BV, CCS, CR, DNV, KR, LR, RS, RINA, ZC etc.

Including others requested by customers based on these standards

## 6-1. Supplementary environmental information

The Products are manufactured in ISO14000 certified factories.

West Japan Works (Fukuyama, Certified data 1998/3/2, Certification Number E026)

West Japan Works (Kurashiki, Certified data 1997/10/2, Certification Number E012)

East Japan Works (Keihin , Certified data 1997/5/27 , Certification Number E010)

6-2. Regulated hazardous substances			
Substance	CAS No.	Reference to standards or regulations	
copper [Cu]	7440-50-8	Industrial Safety and Health Act.	
manganese [Mn]	7439-96-5	· Industrial Safety and Health Act.	
nickel [Ni]	7440-02-0	• Act on Confirmation, etc. of Release Amounts of Specific Chemical	
chromiume [Cr]	7440-47-3	Substances in the Environment and Promotion of Improvements to	
molybdenum [Mo]	7439-98-7	the Management Thereof	
cobalt [Co]	7440-48-4		

## 7. Assumptions of secondary data used

IDEA v2.1.3 data are used. Steel scrap data (JP-AJ-0001) from the Japan Iron and Steel federation are used.

## 8. Remarks

- For data quantification, please refer to PCR and Rules on quantification and declaration.
- Comparative assertion is permitted only when Rules on quantification and declaration are satisfied. (Reference URL : https://ecoleaf-label.jp/regulation/)

Registration number: JR-AW-23003E